

Identification of a cosmid clone containing the *Neurospora crassa* *lys-5* and *un-4* genes, isolation of a partial *lys-5* cDNA and associated chromosome walking.

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The *un-4* gene of *Neurospora crassa* was cloned to determine the limits of a chromosome walk on linkage group VI (LGVI) and to allow analysis of *un* loci on LGVI. Subsequent analysis identified the *lys-5* locus on the same cosmid clone as *un-4*. We have isolated and sequenced a partial *lys-5* cDNA clone and initiated a chromosome walk from the *lys-5*, *un-4* cosmid clone.

A chromosome walk from the *cpc-1* locus has been extended 420 kb towards the left telomere of linkage group VI, (LGVII, Wan *et al.* 1997 Fungal Genet. Biol. 21:329-336). One of three heat-sensitive loci of unknown function on LGVI, *un-13*, was found in the *cpc-1* walk. The *un-4* locus maps to LGVII. Three rounds of transformation using sib-selection with cosmid DNA pools from the Orbach/Sachs *Neurospora crassa* genomic library identified an *un-4* cosmid, G13:8:G, by selection for transformants able to grow at the restrictive temperature of 34°C. A 1.2-kb cDNA isolate from a cDNA library (based on mRNA isolated from dormant conidia and kindly provided by M. Sachs), designated pYW19-2, was identified using a G13:8:G insert probe.

DNA sequence analysis of pYW19-2 identified an open reading frame encoding a deduced polypeptide with strong similarity to homocitrate synthases and isopropylmalate synthases from other organisms (Figure 1). *Neurospora lys-5* mutants lack homocitrate synthase activity. G13:8:G DNA complements *lys-5* spheroplasts allowing growth on minimal medium. *lys-5* maps 2% away from *un-4* and *un-4*, by definition, is irreparable by supplementation at the restrictive temperature. Thus, *un-4* and *lys-5* are separate loci and both are present in G13:8:G. pYW19-2 likely represents a partial *lys-5* cDNA clone. The partial deduced Lys-5 polypeptide has highest similarity to the homocitrate synthase of *Penicillium chrysogenum* with 80% identity in an optimized alignment (Figure 2).

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1 CGTTATTGAG TATGTCAAGT CCAAGGGACT TGAGGTTGCG TTCTCCTCCG AGGATTCCTT
  V I E Y V K S K G L E V R P S S E D S F
61 CCGCTCCGAT CTCGTGCGAT TCCTTTCCCT TTACCGCGCT GTTGACAAGG TCGGCGTCCA
  R S D L V D L L S L Y R A V D K V G V H
121 CCGTGTCCGT ATCGCCGATA CGTCCGGCTG CGCTTCTCCC CGCCAGGTCT ATGACCTCGT
  R V G I A D T V G C A S P R Q V Y D L V
181 CCGTACCCTT CGCGGCGTCG TTTCGTGCGA TATCGAGACC CACTTCCACG ACGACACTGG
  R T L R G V V S C D I E T H F H D D T G
241 CTGCGCCATT GCCAAGCGCT ACTGTGCTCT CGAGGCTGGT GCCACCCACA TCGACACCTC
  C A I A N A Y C A L E A G A T H I D T S
301 CGTTCTCGGT ATCGGCGAGC GTAACGGTAT CACCCCTCTC GGTGGCTTGA TGGCTCGCAT
  V L G I G E R N G I T P L G G L M A R M
361 GATCGTTACC AGCCCCGACT ACGTCAAGAG CAAGTACAAG TCACACAAGC TCAAGGAGCT
  I V T S P D Y V K S K Y K L H K L K E L
421 CAGGAGTTTG GTTGCCGAGG CTGTTGAGAT CAACACCCCC TTCAACAACC CCATCACTGG
  E D L V A E A V E I N T P P N N P I T G
481 TTTCTGCGCC TTCACCCACA AGGCTGGCAT CCAAGCCAAG GCCATCCTCA ACAACCCAG
  F C A F T H K A G I H A K A I L N N P S
541 CACCTATGAA ATTCTCAACC CTGCCGACTT CGGTCTCACC CGCTACGTCC ACTTCGCTTC
  T Y E I L N P A D P G L T R Y V H F A S
601 GCGCTTGACT GGCTGGAACG CCGTCAAGAC CCGTGTCCGC CAGCTTGGTC TCGAGATGAC
  R L T G W N A V K T R V G Q L G L E M T
661 CGACGACCAG GTCAAGGAT GTACCGCCAA GATCAAGGCC CTGCGCGACG TCGCGCCAA
  D D Q V K E C T A K I K A L A D V R P I
721 CGCCATCGAC GACGCCGATT CGATCATCCG TACTTTCCAC CTCGGTCTTC ACGAGCAGAA
  A I D D A D S I I R T P H L G L H E Q N
781 CAAGGTCCAG CCTCCCGCTG TTGTGAGAA CTAAGCGGAA GCAGAGCGTT CGACCAACGG
  K V Q P P A V V E N *
841 AGTTGTCTT TAGCATGAAG GGAATATAC CAGGATTTT ACGAGGAGAG ATGCGGGCAT
  A P G A C G A T T T C T T T T T G G G T C A T T T T C A C A C A T C C A C C G G A G T T C T
901 TTGAGTACTA TATCTCCCT GTTTGGGGAG CAAAAAGGG GTTGATTGGG TTAAGTGGG
1021 ATGACTGAGC AGGCCAATAT TGCCGACTGT GTTCCTAATC AGGGGAATG CTCGTGGA
1081 AATGAGCATG AGATAGACAA AATCAACGGG AGACGAAAGT AACAAAGTCA CCTGATTGTC
1141 CTTCAAAAAA AAAAAAAA AA

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Figure 1. Nucleotide sequence of the cDNA insert of pYW19-2 and the deduced polypeptide product (GenBank AF142777). The stop codon is indicated by a *. Several isolates, including NC4A2-T7, from the *Neurospora* Genome Project, University of New Mexico, overlap pYW19-2 from position 549 to the polyadenylation site.

The pYW19-2 insert was used to probe a Southern blot of G13:8:G restriction digests. Results suggest that an approximately 6.3-kb *Eco*R1 fragment contains the *lys-5* gene. As cosmid G13:8:G was not identified in the *cpc-1* walk we initiated a chromosome walk from the *lys-5/un-4* region in an attempt to link up to our *cpc-1* walk. A G13:8:G based probe identified cosmid X6:6. A X6:6:F based probe identified cosmid X22:2:B. No new cosmid clones were identified with a X22:2:B based probe.

Penicillium c. HC Synthase	181	IEVIEFVKSK	GIEIRFSSD	
		+	+ +	
Neurospora Lys-5		VIEYVKSK	GLEVRFSSD	
Pc HC	SFRSDLVDLL	SIYSAVDKVG	VNRVGIADTV	GCASPRQVYE LVRVLRGVVG
		+		+ + +
Lys-5	SFRSDLVDLL	SLYRAVDKVG	VHRVGIADTV	GCASPRQVYD LVRTLGRVVS
Pc HC	CDIETHFHND	TGCAIANAF	C	ALEAGATHID TSVLGIGERN GITPLGGLMA
	+	+		
Lys-5	<u>CDIETHFHDD</u>	<u>TGCAIANAYC</u>	A	ALEAGAYHID TSVLGIGERN GITPLGGLMA
Pc HC	RMMVADREYV	KSKYKLEK	LK EIEDLVAEAV	EVNIPFNYYI TGFCATHKA
	+	+		+ +
Lys-5	RMIVTSPDYV	KSKYKLHK	LK EIEDLVAEAV	EINTPFNNPI TGFCATHKA
Pc HC	GIHAKAILNN	PSTYEIINPA	DFGMSRYVHF	ASRLTGWNAI KSRAQQLKE
		+	++	+ }+ +
Lys-5	GIHAKAILNN	PSTYEILNPA	DFGLTRYVHF	ASRLTGWNAV KTRVGQLGLE
Pc HC	MTDTQYKECT	AKIKAMADIR	PIAVDDADSI	IRAYHRNLKS GENKPLDLT
		+ +	+	+ + + ++
Lys-5	MTDDQVKECT	AKIKALADVR	PIAIDDADSI	IRTFHLGLHE QNKVQPPAVV
Pc HC	AEEQAFAAK	EKELLEAQAA	GLPV	
	+			
Lys-5	EN			

Figure 2. Comparison of the amino acid sequence of the homocitrate synthase of *Penicillium chrysogenum* (Gene Bank AJ223630) and Lys-5. Identical residues are indicated by a vertical line. Residues of similar chemical properties are indicated by a +. A motif conserved in all known homocitrate synthases is underlined.